

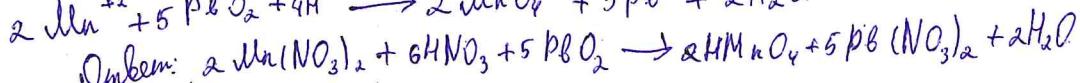
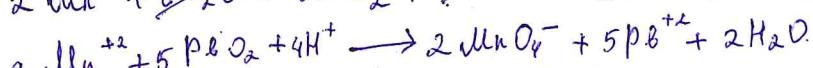
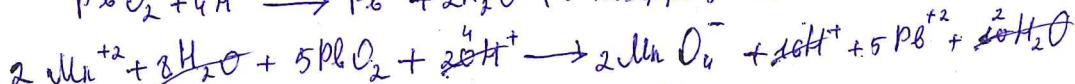
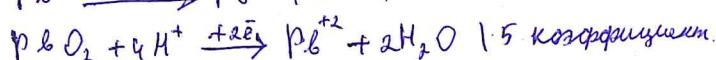
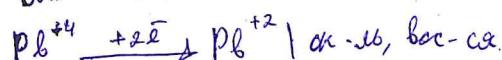
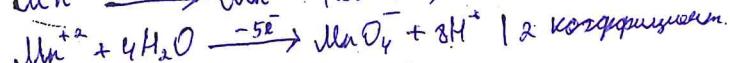
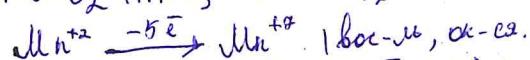
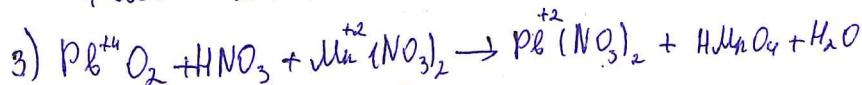
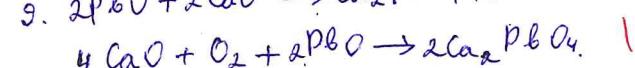
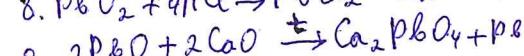
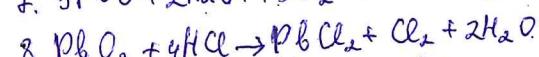
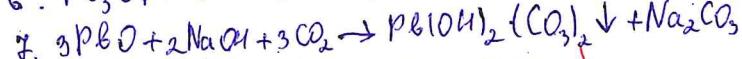
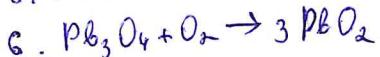
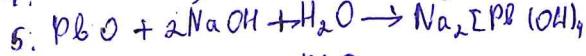
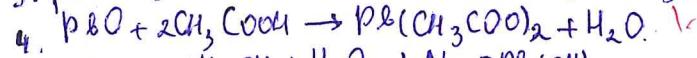
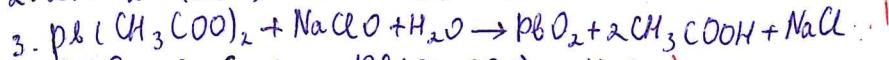
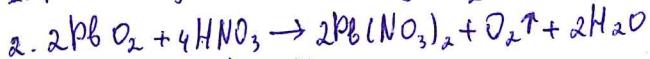
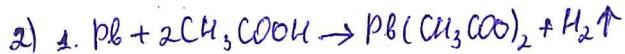
Открытая региональная межвузовская олимпиада вузов Томской области (ОРМО)

Общий балл	Дата	Ф.И.О. членов жюри	Подписи членов жюри
33,5	17.03	Ситомина	

Задание 1.

1) $\text{M(Pb)} - \text{свинец}$ $\text{M O}_2 (\text{PbO}_2) - \text{оксид свинца (IV)}$ $\text{M O} (\text{PbO}) - \text{оксид свинца (II)}$ $\text{M}_3 \text{O}_4 (\text{Pb}_3\text{O}_4) - \text{тетраоксид тунисвинаца}$ $\text{M Cl}_3 (\text{PbCl}_3) - \text{хлорид свинца (II)}$ $\text{M} (\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2 (\text{Pb}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2) - \text{цианат свинца (II)}$ $\text{M}_3 (\text{OH})_2 (\text{CO}_3)_2 (\text{Pb}_3(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2) - \text{дигидроксид-ди карбонат тунисвинаца}$ $\text{Ca}_2 \text{M O}_4 (\text{Ca}_2\text{PbO}_4) - \text{ортомономабат кальция}$

1	2	3	4
16,5	7	7	6

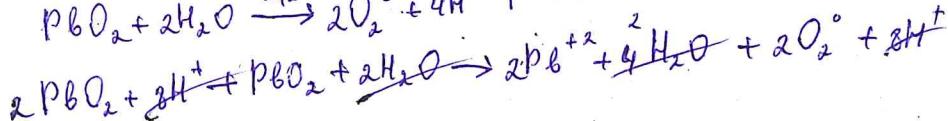
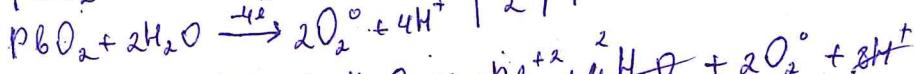
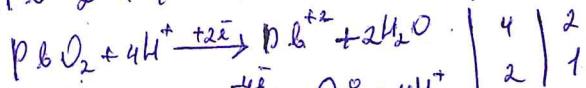
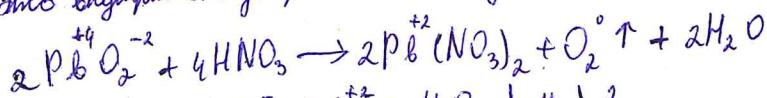


В данном уравнении PbO_2 - окислитель

$\text{Mn}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ - восстановитель

HNO_3 - среда растворения

Взят в раствор 3. восстановление т.к. реакция $2\text{PbO}_2 + 4\text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow 2\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + \text{O}_2 \uparrow + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
это внутреннеокислительное ОВР и под метод. концентрации недостаточна



4) Дано:

$$m(\text{Pb}) = 51,45\text{ г.}$$

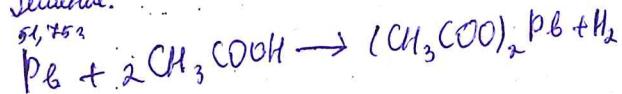
$$\sqrt{(\text{CH}_3\text{COOH})} = 1\text{ л.}$$

$$C(\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}) = 1\text{ моль/л.}$$

Найти:

$$C_M((\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2\text{Pb}) - ?$$

Данные:



$\frac{51,45\text{ г}}{0,25\text{ моль}}$

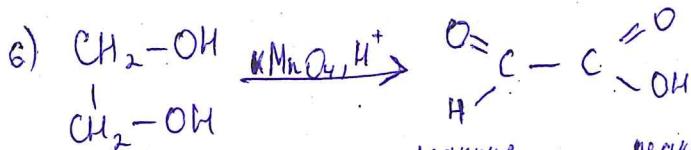
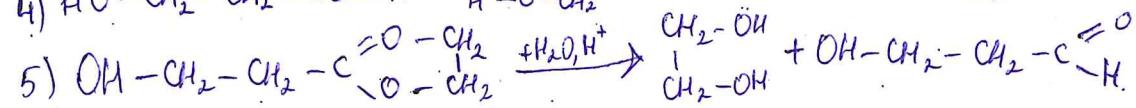
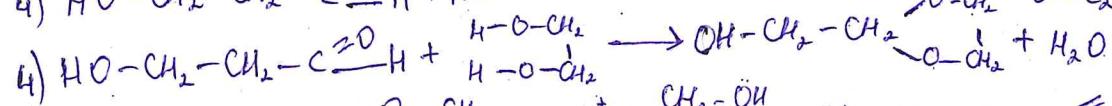
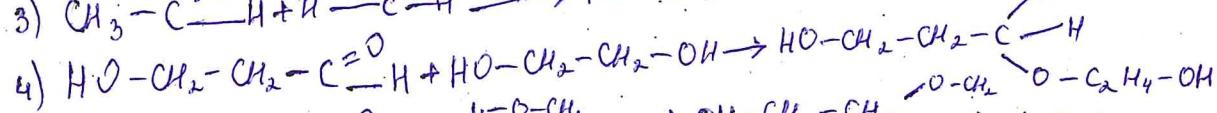
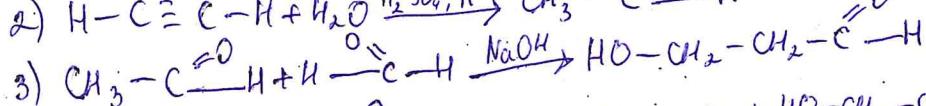
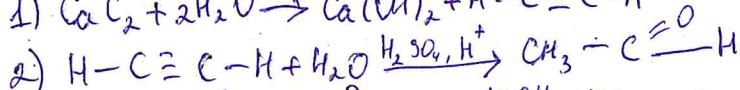
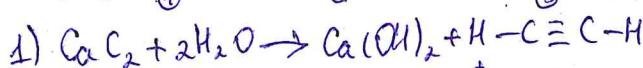
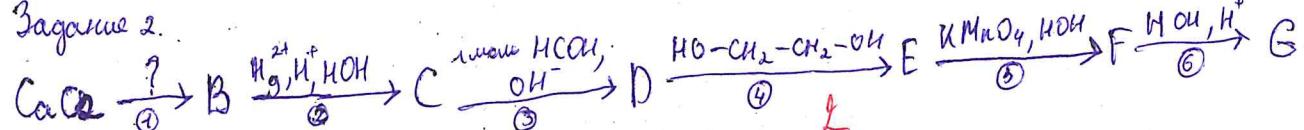
$$\boxed{J(\text{Pb}) = 2J(\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}) = 9,25 : 0,25}$$

$$\boxed{J(\text{Pb}) = J((\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2\text{Pb}) = 9,25 : 0,25}$$

$$C_M((\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2\text{Pb}) = \frac{J}{\sqrt{}} = \frac{9,25\text{ моль}}{1\text{ л.}} = 0,25\text{ моль/л}$$

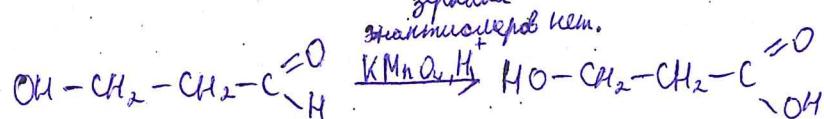
$$\text{Ответ: } C_M((\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2\text{Pb}) = 0,25\text{ М.} \quad 4$$

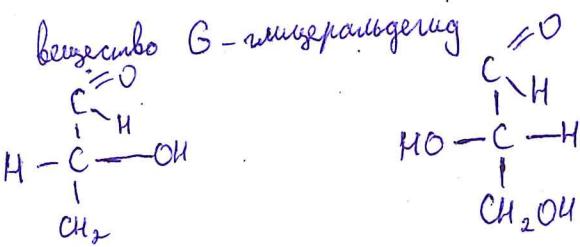
Задание 2.



реакция с цианидом метилами и
цианогидринами

этанонитрол кип.





3

D-изомеризация

L-изомеризация

- 1) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{OH} \quad \text{OH} \end{array} + 2[\text{Mg}(\text{NH}_3)_2]\text{OH} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{OH} \quad \text{OH} \end{array} + 2\text{Mg} \downarrow + 3\text{NH}_3 \uparrow + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- 2) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{OH} \quad \text{OH} \end{array} + \text{NaOH} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{ONa} \quad \text{OH} \end{array} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- 3) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{OH} \quad \text{OH} \end{array} + 2\text{Na} + 2\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{ONa} \quad \text{OH} \end{array}$
- 4) $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{OH} \quad \text{OH} \end{array} + \text{Br}_2 \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{O} \\ | \quad | \\ \text{OH} \quad \text{OH} \end{array} + \text{HBr}$

Задание 3.



$$\begin{aligned} w(C) &= 40,91\% \\ w(N) &= 31,82\% \\ w(O) &= 18,18\% \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} 90,91\%$$

$$\text{Следовательно } w(H) = 100\% - 90,91\% = 9,09\%$$

$$m(C) = 17,6 \cdot 0,4091 = 7,2 / 12 = 0,6 / 0,2 = 3$$

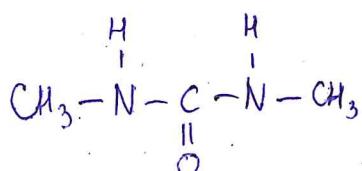
$$m(N) = 17,6 \cdot 0,3182 = 5,6 / 14 = 0,4 / 0,2 = 2$$

$$m(O) = 17,6 \cdot 0,1818 = 3,2 / 16 = 0,2 / 0,2 = 1$$

$$m(H) = 17,6 \cdot 0,0909 = 1,6 / 1 = 1,6 / 0,2 = 8$$



4



диметилоксина

Задание 4.

Дано:

$$V(\text{сосуда}) = 15 \text{ л.}$$

$$P_1(\text{авеси}) = 1,183 \text{ кг/л.}$$

$$P_2(\text{авеси}) = 0,213 \text{ кг/л.}$$

$$P_3(\text{авеси}) = 1,353 \text{ кг/л.}$$

$$T = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

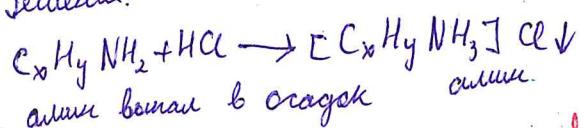
$$P = 1 \text{ атм} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ \text{Н.У.} \end{array} \right.$$

Найти:

$$\text{газ}_1 - ?$$

$$\text{газ}_2 - ?$$

Решение:



$$m_1 = V \cdot P = 15 \text{ л} \cdot 1,183 \text{ кг/л} = 17,745 \text{ кг}$$

$$m_2 = V \cdot P = 15 \text{ л} \cdot 0,213 \text{ кг/л} = 3,195 \text{ кг}$$

$$m_3 = V \cdot P = 15 \cdot 1,353 \text{ кг/л} = 20,295 \text{ кг}$$

123