

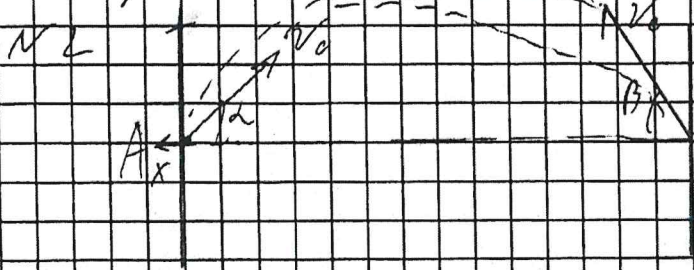
рассмотрим формула

$$s = \frac{v_0 t}{2} + v_0 t + \frac{v_0 t}{2}; \text{ где } t = \frac{t_{\Sigma}}{3}$$

$$s = 2 \frac{v_0 t}{2} \Rightarrow t = \frac{s}{2v_0}$$

$$t_{\Sigma} = \frac{3s}{2v_0} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{s}{v_0}$$

бегит сближая Антона на $\Delta t = \left(\frac{15}{3} - \frac{3}{2}\right) \frac{s}{v_0} = \frac{1}{6} \frac{s}{v_0}$



замечая, что угол

β — это угол возмещения $\alpha + \beta = 90^\circ$ (это означает $\sin \alpha = \cos \beta$)

($\cos \alpha = \sin \beta$)

Итак, перемещение в направлении

шариков A: $v_{x5} = v_0 \cos \beta \cos \alpha$

по оси y: $v_{y5} = v_0 (\sin \beta - \sin \alpha)$

$$(v_0 \cos \alpha t - v_0 \cos \beta t) \pm (v_0 \sin \alpha t - v_0 \sin \beta t) / \text{min}$$

$$v_0 \sin \beta t + v_0 \cos \beta t - s + v_0 \cos \beta t = v_0 \sin \beta t = \text{min}$$

$$2v_0 \cos \beta t - s = \text{min}$$

$$\text{min}^2 = \left((v_0 \sin \alpha - \sin \beta) v_0 t \right)^2 + \left(s - v_0 \cos \alpha t - v_0 \cos \beta t \right)^2$$

$$\text{min}^2 = \left((v_0 \cos \beta - \sin \alpha) v_0 t \right)^2 + \left(s - v_0 \sin \beta t - v_0 \cos \beta t \right)^2$$

$$\text{min}^2 = \left((v_0 \cos \beta v_0 t - \sin \alpha v_0 t) \right)^2 + \left(s - v_0 \sin \beta t - v_0 \cos \beta t \right)^2$$

$$\min^2 = \left(-2V_0 t \sin \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} \right)^2 + \left(s - 2V_0 t \cos \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} \right)^2$$

$$\min^2 = \left(-2V_0 t \sqrt{2} \sin \left(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} \right) \right)^2 + \left(s - \sqrt{2} V_0 t \cos \left(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} \right) \right)^2$$

$$\min^2 = s^2 - 2\sqrt{2} s V_0 t \cos \left(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} \right) + 2(V_0 t \cos \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2})^2 + 2(V_0 t \sin \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2})^2$$

$$\min^2 = s^2 - 2\sqrt{2} s V_0 t \cos \left(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} \right) + 2(V_0 t)^2 \left(\cos^2 \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} \right)$$

$$\alpha = 90^\circ - \beta$$

$$\min^2 = s^2 - 2\sqrt{2} s V_0 t \cos \frac{90^\circ + \beta}{2} + 2(V_0 t)^2$$

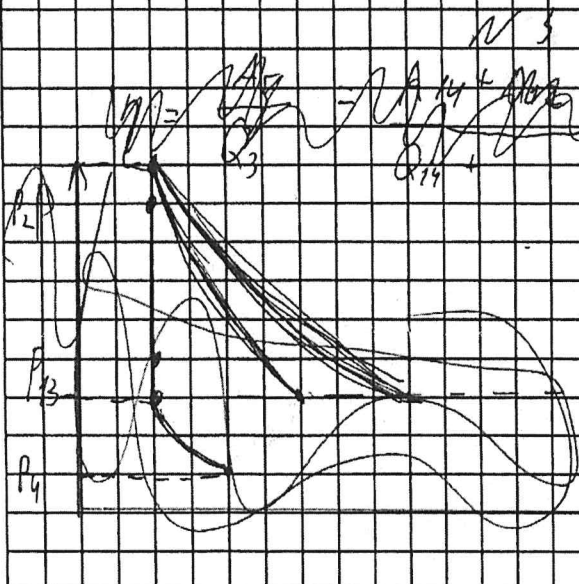
находим min как функцию

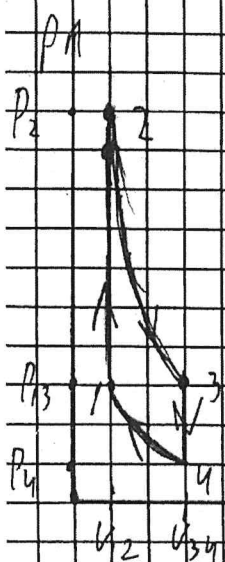
$$\min' = -2\sqrt{2} \cos \frac{90^\circ + \beta}{2} s V_0 + 4V_0^2 t = 0$$

$$t = \frac{2\sqrt{2} s}{4V_0} = \frac{\sqrt{2} s}{2V_0}$$

$$\min = \sqrt{s^2 - 2\sqrt{2} s V_0 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2} s}{2V_0} + s^2} = \sqrt{2s^2 - \sqrt{2}s^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2s^2 - \sqrt{2}s^2} = s\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} \approx 100$$





$$\eta = \frac{Q_1 - |Q_x|}{Q_1} = 100\%$$

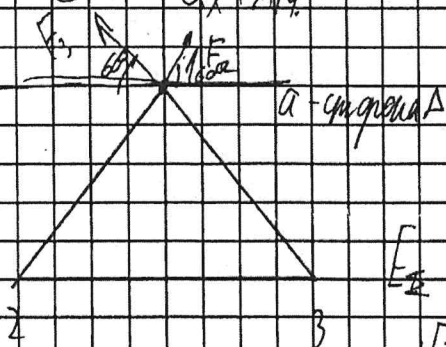
$$Q = A_V + A_F$$

$$Q_1 = Q_{12} + Q_{23} = \frac{3}{2} V_{12} (P_2 - P_3) + A_{23}$$

$$Q_x = Q_{34} + Q_{14} = \frac{3}{2} V_{34} (P_{13} - P_4) + A_{14}$$

$$\eta = \frac{A_{23} - |A_{14}|}{\frac{3}{2} V_{12} (P_2 - P_3) + A_{23} - \frac{3}{2} V_{34} (P_{13} - P_4) + A_{14}} = \frac{\frac{3}{2} V_{12} (P_2 - P_3) + A_{23}}{\frac{3}{2} V_{12} (P_2 - P_3) + A_{23} - \frac{3}{2} V_{34} (P_{13} - P_4) + A_{14}}$$

$$\eta = \frac{S_{FF}}{Q_x + A_{14}} = \frac{8}{10} = 100\% \approx 44\%$$



$$E_3 = \frac{V_3}{a} \cdot a$$

$$E_2 = \frac{V_2}{a} \cdot a$$

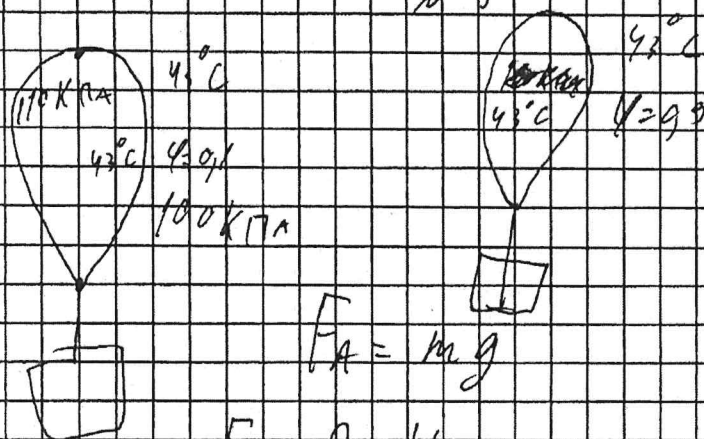
$$E_1 = \sqrt{(E_2 - E_3)^2 \sin^2 60^\circ + (E_2 - E_3)^2 \cos^2 60^\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |E_2 - E_3| =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |V_2 - V_3| \cdot a$$

$$F = q E_{\Sigma} = q \frac{\sqrt{3} (\varphi_2 - \varphi_3) a}{2 a}$$

$$\varphi_1 = k \frac{q}{a} \Rightarrow q_1 = \frac{\sqrt{3} a}{k}$$

$$F_1 = \frac{\sqrt{3} (\varphi_2 - \varphi_3) \varphi_1}{2 k}$$



$$F_A = m g$$

$$\begin{cases} F_{A1} = \rho_1 g V_{u1} = m_1 g \\ F_{A2} = \rho_2 g V_{u2} = m_2 g \end{cases}$$

$$g V_u (\rho_1 - \rho_2) = (m_1 - m_2) g$$

$$\Delta m = \rho_1 V_{u1} - \rho_2 V_{u2}$$

$$\rho V = \frac{m}{M} R T$$

$$\rho_1 = \frac{P_1 R T}{M_1}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{P_1 R T}{M_1}; P_1 = \alpha_1 P_H + P_{\text{ост}}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{P_2 R T}{M_2}; P_2 = \alpha_2 P_H + P_{\text{ост}}$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = (\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) \left(\frac{R T}{M_1} - \frac{R T}{M_2} \right)$$

$$P_{\text{подв}} = P_1 - P_{\text{вн1}}$$

$$P_{\text{вн2}} + P_{\text{под}} = P_2$$

$$P_{\text{вн2}} - P_{\text{вн1}} = P_2 - P_1$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = P_{\text{вн1}} - P_{\text{вн2}} = (P_1 - P_2) \left(\frac{RT_1}{M_1} - \frac{RT_2}{M_2} \right) = 0,1 P_1 + P_{\text{вн1}} - 0,9 P_1 \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$= P_{\text{вн1}} + P_{\text{вн2}} - 0,8 P_1$$

$$P_{\text{вн2}} = 0,4 P_1$$

$$P_{\text{вн1}} = \frac{110}{5} P_1$$

$$\frac{532}{45} P_1 = (P_1 - P_2) \left(\frac{RT_1}{M_1} - \frac{RT_2}{M_2} \right)$$

Решу систему уравнений

$$M_1 = 29 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0,9 + 0,1 \cdot 18 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$M_2 = 29 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 1 + 0,9 \cdot 18 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$M_1 - M_2 = 0,8$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = \frac{\frac{532}{45} P_1 (M_1 - M_2)}{RT}$$

$$m = V \frac{\frac{532}{45} P_1 (M_1 - M_2)}{RT}$$

$$= \frac{5000 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 9000 \text{ Па} \cdot \frac{532}{45} \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0,8}{8,31 \cdot (43 + 273) \text{ К}}$$

$$\textcircled{+} 1,733 \text{ кг}$$

186